

# The Alexandria Gazette

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JAN. 26.

**CITY COUNCIL.**—Last night there was a regular meeting of the City Council.

**BOARD OF ALDERMEN.**—An act for the removal of awning posts and other obstructions on the side walks, on King street, was called up, read a second time, and then laid on the table.

A petition of Samuel Marshall, to let a frame building on Union street remain, was granted.

It was ordered that the sum of \$3,000 in the Exchange Bank, to the credit of the Gas works, be transferred to the Sinking Fund, and that the auditor issue his warrant accordingly.

A petition of E. S. Boynton, for permission to erect a frame building on an alley, north of Wolfe street, between Pitt and St. Asaph streets, was received from the Common Council, and the action of the board, granting the petition, was concurred in.

A resolution in relation to the lien of the Corporation on certain real estate, in the city, was referred to the Corporation Attorney for his views. The board then adjourned.

**COMMON COUNCIL.**—An application from E. S. Boynton for leave to erect a wooden dwelling in the alley North of Wolfe, between Pitt and St. Asaph streets was granted.

An order from the Board of Aldermen directing \$3,000, standing to the credit of the Gas Works, in the Exchange Bank, to be transferred to the Sinking Fund, was concurred in.

A resolution from the Board of Aldermen granting leave to Samuel Marshall to continue his wooden building, on Union street, between Prince and Duke streets, was concurred in.

A petition from L. D. Harmon & Co., was referred to the Committee on General Laws.

The Council then adjourned.

We are pleased to learn, that letters just received state that the health of Mr. Geo. Bryan, of this place, on a visit to the Eastern Shore of Md., has improved, and that he is now considered out of danger.

The first lot of goods under the order establishing a trade district for the benefit of citizens within the lines of the Federal army, was taken out from Alexandria on Friday, and a few of the citizens of Culpeper have already availed themselves of the advantages offered.

The Albany Argus, in a strong article, condemns Gen. Banks' plan for the "reorganization of Louisiana," which it calls a "mere political move," in favor of the "Republican party."

We have scarcely ever known before such a succession of fine days in the month of December, as we have had for a week past.

In Fairfax County, at the recent election for delegates to the "Convention" to be held here, 208 votes were polled.

It is said that W. W. Corcoran of Washington, now in Paris, designs returning home in the spring. Doubtful.

Gold, in New York, yesterday, 158. Stock market feverish and irregular. Government securities steady.

President Lincoln has directed Gen. Steele to order an election to be held in Arkansas on the 28th of March, for election of State officers. Those only are allowed to vote who take the oath prescribed in the proclamation of Dec. 8. The constitution of the State to be so modified as to abolish slavery in the State. The President has pardoned Mr. Griffith, one of the Arkansas delegation, who is now in Washington, and who was a member of the convention which passed the ordinance for the secession of that State. The delegation will return to Arkansas during this week, to arrange for calling a convention "to bring back that State into the Union."

The New York World says that the "German Republicans" are opposed to the re-election of President Lincoln. "His conduct toward Fremont is their special grievance, and they also disapprove of his course in connection with Missouri politics." But, notwithstanding the "German Republican," Mr. Lincoln will, in all probability be the candidate, and be re-elected.

Amos Kendall is writing for the Washington Constitutional Union a series of articles on the "crisis," in one of which he urges "opposition to the Administration as a duty." He is entirely opposed to President Lincoln's plan for organizing new State governments in the South.

According to last accounts, the civil war in China was raging as fiercely as ever.

Gen. Grant is on a visit to St. Louis.

The N. Y. Express says:—"The burglaries, robbers and other outrages which have of late so noticeably increased in our midst have created a general terror among the community.—Notwithstanding the large amount of money which our taxpayers are contributing to support an extensive Metropolitan Police Department, there never has been a time when burglars, robbers, murderers, and even juvenile rioters had more complete sway over the property and lives of our citizens than at present."

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger thinks it probable that recent events in Mexico, taken in conjunction with the probable early departure of Maximilian for his kingdom, will secure the recognition of the new state of affairs by the U. S. Government.

The Immigration Committee will probably recommend the sending to the principal Northern States of Europe Commissioners to facilitate and encourage the enormous emigration to America, which is expected this year. The Germans have raised by subscription \$50,000 to bring a portion of their compatriots into Maryland.

The Governor of Minnesota, in his annual message to the Legislature of that State, announces that hunger and destitution are insuring the punishment of the Indian tribes left incomplete by the forces sent against them.

In New York, on Monday morning, a negro named Eli Brown first shot a negro woman of whom he was jealous and then blew his own brains out.

Efforts are being made, it is said, to reconstruct the State Government in Tennessee, but with little hope of its speedy return to the Union.

Gov. Bramlette, of Kentucky has followed up his recent letter on the subject of negro recruits in Kentucky, by another letter to Gen. Boyle in which he says:—"No such recruiting will be tolerated here. Summary justice will be inflicted upon any who attempt such a lawful purpose. 'Negro traders' have been held in disrepute in the Slave States, and only tolerated, as we tolerate, the vicious tribe, because they rid us of the vicious and worthless slave population. But, under pretence of loyalty, a class of 'traffickers in human flesh' have started up far more contemptible for their hypocritical pretensions to loyalty, and more despicable because of the means of their motives—men who, to make profit themselves, engage in enticing slaves and negroes to enlist, that they may 'sell them as substitutes, obtaining the large bounties offered in States not willing to furnish of their own population the call made upon their loyalty for volunteers by our Government. Such 'traffickers in human flesh' will endanger the own liberties if they are caught within the State."

A correspondent of the St. Louis Republic has met with some refugees just arrived from Dixie. These refugees fail to confirm the reports of starvation in the South, &c.—but they state that vast quantities of corn are scattered all along the lines of the Mississippi Railroad, for the use of the troops; and in Alabama they saw a vast amount of corn in rags, completely exposed to the weather. These refugees report, further, that the Northern part of the Mississippi is filled with bands of Confederate troops and guerillas, who are busy conscripting and collecting forage. They are preparing, we are told, for a final struggle in the Spring; and that struggle, it is predicted, will be in Northern Georgia. The guerillas are represented to be quite active on both banks of the Mississippi River, firing into the boats as they pass down, and doing considerable damage. Forrest is reported to have had great success in getting conscripts and volunteers in West Tennessee.

## DIED.

In Washington, on the 23d inst., after a long and painful illness, and in the hope of a glorious hereafter, Mrs. HENRIETTA C. HARRIS, in the 61st year of her age, formerly of this place.

Rev. JAMES K. NICHOLS, President of the Maryland Annual Conference, M. P. C. will preach in the Methodist Protestant Church, on Washington street, North of King street, on next Sabbath morning, at 11 o'clock, and at night at 7 1/2 o'clock.

After the sermon, in the morning, the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered. Jan 27—4t

The Sabbath School of the Methodist Protestant Church, on Washington st., North of King, will give an "ANNIVERSARY EXHIBITION, in the Church, on Tuesday evening next, Feb. 2nd; commencing at 7 1/2 o'clock. Tickets of admission, for adults, 25 cents; children, 15 cents; to be had of any of the teachers or scholars of the school, or at the door on the evening of the Exhibition. Jan 27—4t

LOST, this morning, a gold Hunting case Lady's WATCH—with gold dial, and engraved on both sides of the case. Any person finding it, will be liberally rewarded. Information can be left at this office. Jan 26—3t

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